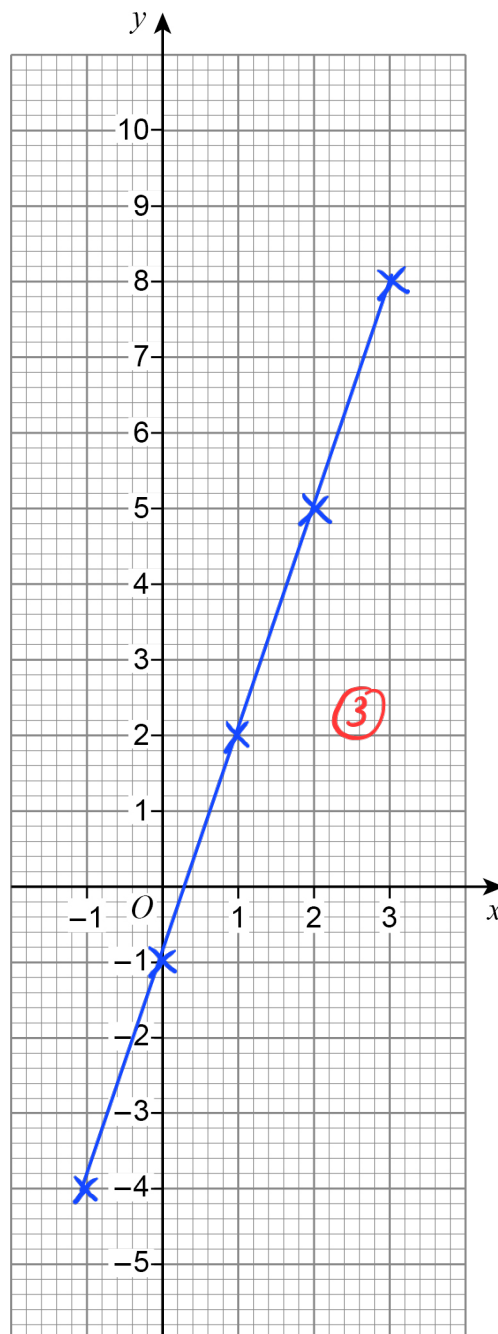


1 Draw the graph of $y = 3x - 1$ for values of x from -1 to 3

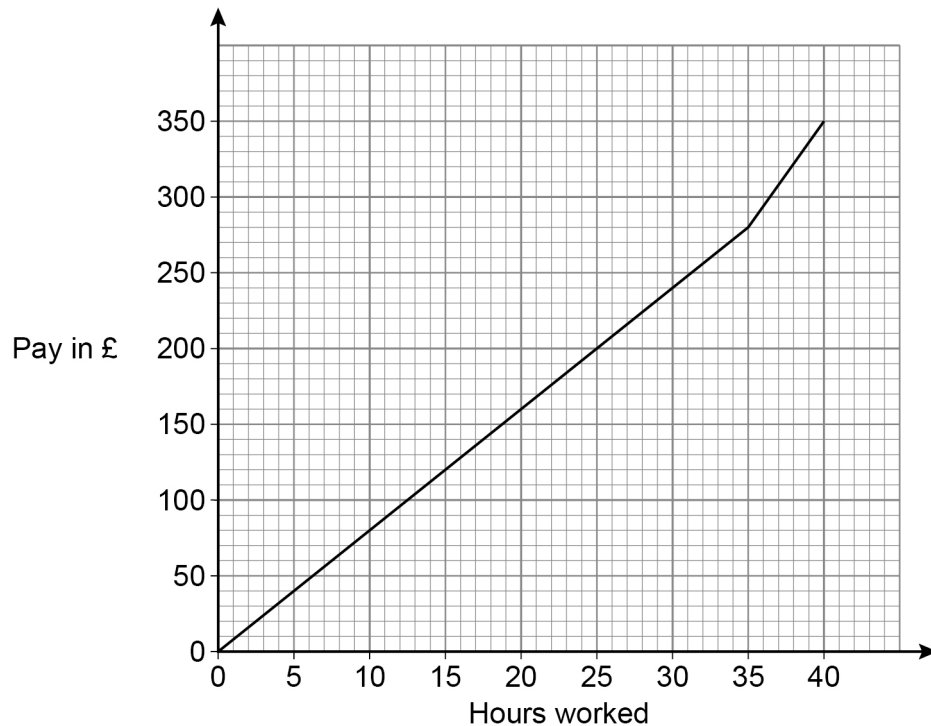
[3 marks]

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-4	-1	2	5	8



- 2 The graph shows how much Molly is paid for working for up to 40 hours.
She receives

- a basic rate of pay for the first 35 hours worked
- a higher rate of pay for the next 5 hours worked.



Work out the difference between the higher rate of pay and the basic rate of pay.

Give your answer in £ per hour.

[3 marks]

$$\text{Basic : } \frac{\pounds 280}{35 \text{ h}} = \pounds 8 \text{ per hour } \textcircled{1}$$

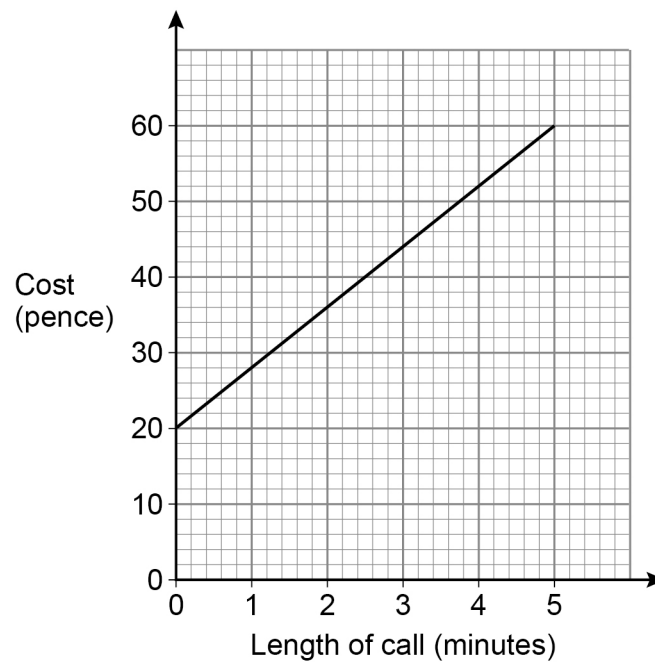
$$\text{Higher : } \frac{\pounds (350 - 280)}{5 \text{ h}} = \frac{\pounds 70}{5 \text{ h}} = \pounds 14 \text{ per hour } \textcircled{1}$$

$$14 - 8 = 6$$

Answer £ 6 $\textcircled{1}$ per hour

- 3** The cost of making a phone call is
a fixed charge
and
a charge per minute.

The costs of phone calls up to 5 minutes are represented by the graph.



- 3 (a)** Write down the fixed charge.

[1 mark]

Answer 20 1 pence

- 3 (b) Work out the charge per minute.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{(60-20)}{5} = \frac{40}{5} = 8 \text{ p/min}$$

Answer 8 pence

- 3 (c) Work out the cost of a phone call lasting 7 minutes.

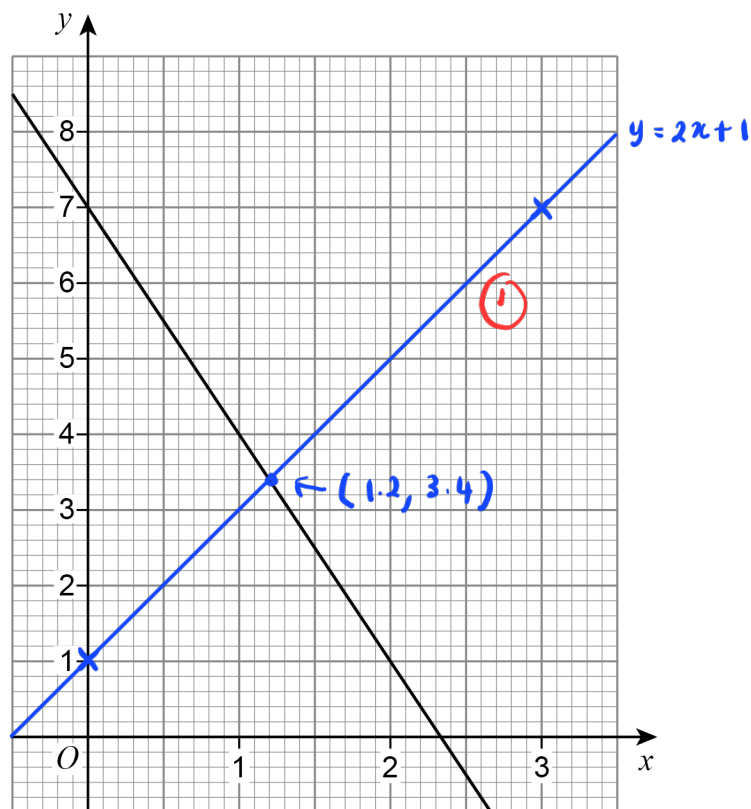
[2 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} & 20 \text{ p} + (8 \times 7) \text{ p} \\ & = 20 + 56 \\ & = 76 \end{aligned}$$

Answer 76 pence

4

Here is the graph of $y = 7 - 3x$



Draw the graph of $y = 2x + 1$ on the grid
and then

work out an approximate solution to $7 - 3x = 2x + 1$

[3 marks]

when $x = 0$, $y = 1$ $(0, 1)$ ①

when $x = 3$, $y = 7$ $(3, 7)$

Answer 1.2 ①

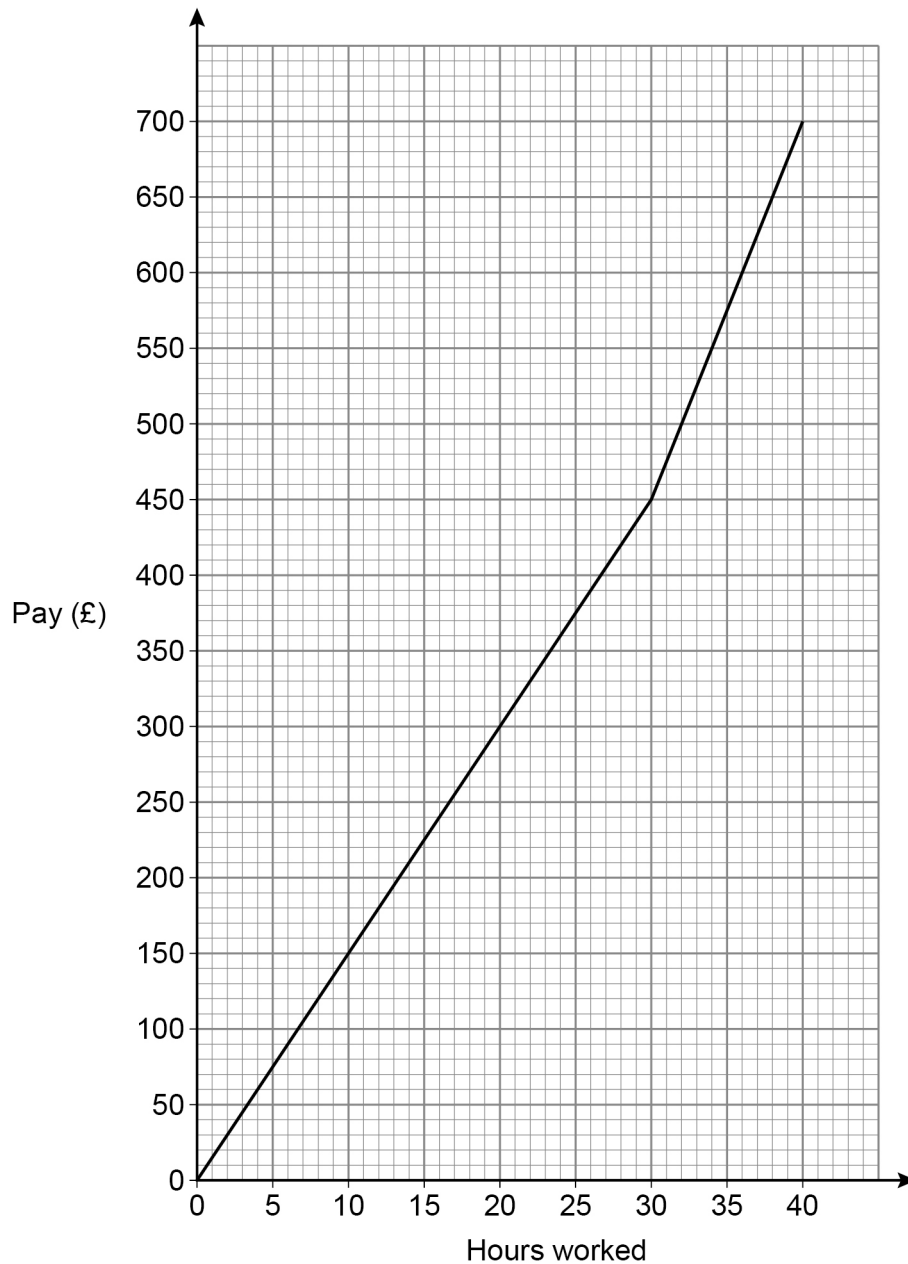
5

In a week, Samir is paid

a basic hourly rate for the first 30 hours worked

an overtime hourly rate for any extra hours worked.

The graph shows his pay for working up to 40 hours in a week.



Work out the ratio basic hourly rate : overtime hourly rate

Give your answer in its simplest form.

[3 marks]

$$\text{Basic hourly rate} = \frac{450}{30} = 15 \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Overtime hourly rate} = \frac{(700 - 450)}{40 - 30} = \frac{250}{10} = 25 \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ratio} &= 15 : 25 \\ &= 3 : 5 \quad \downarrow \div 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Answer } \underline{3} : \underline{5} \quad (1)$$

6

x	0	2	4	6	8	10
y	3	7	11	15	19	23

$+4$ $+4$ $+4$ $+2$ $+2$ $+2$

The x -values in the table make a linear sequence.

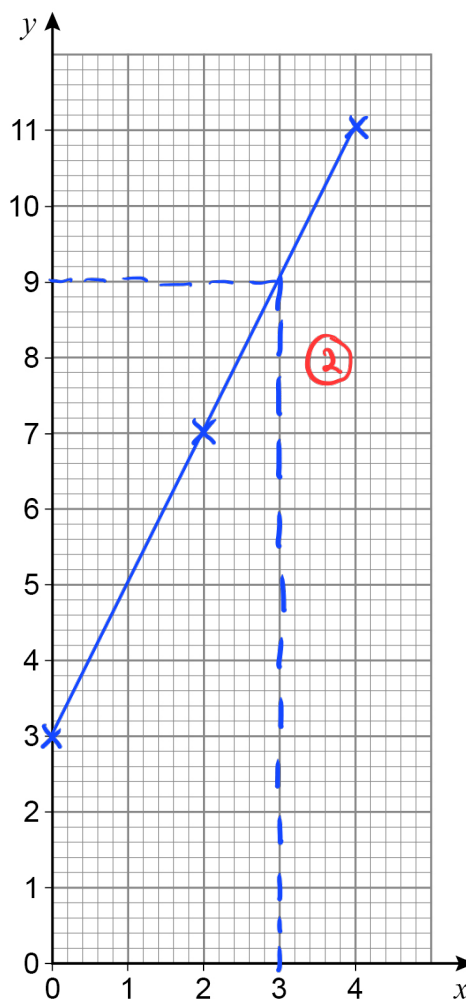
The y -values in the table make a different linear sequence.

6 (a) Complete the table.

[2 marks]

6 (b) Draw a straight line passing through the points (0, 3), (2, 7) and (4, 11)

[2 marks]



6 (c) Use the graph to work out the value of y when $x = 3$

[1 mark]

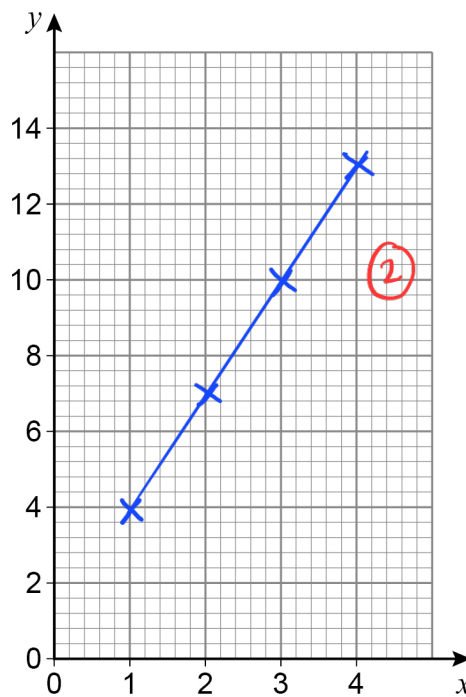
$y =$ 90

7 Here is a table of values for the equation $y = 3x + 1$

x	1	2	3	4
y	4	7	10	13

7 (a) Draw the graph of $y = 3x + 1$ for values of x from 1 to 4

[2 marks]



7 (b) Work out the value of y when $x = 2.5$

[2 marks]

$$y = 3(2.5) + 1 = 8.5$$

$$y = 8.5$$